SUBDIVISION

AND

DEVELOPMENT APPEAL BOARD

AGENDA

Wednesday, 9:00 A.M. March 1, 2017

Hearing Room No. 3 Churchill Building, 10019 - 103 Avenue NW, Edmonton, AB

SUBDIVISION AND DEVELOPMENT APPEAL BOARD HEARING ROOM NO. 3

I	9:00 A.M.	SDAB-D-17-042	Comply with a Stop Order to cease the General Industrial Use and remove all related materials from the site before February 20, 2017
			21451 - Fort Road NE Project No.: 231010857-001
II	11:00 A.M. WITHI		Construct a Single Detached House with front attached garage, front veranda, fireplace and rear uncovered deck (2.44m x 3.96m)
			1381 - Ainslie Wynd SW Project No.: 238668895-001

<u>ITEM I: 9:00 A.M.</u>		FILE: SDAB-D-17-042	
	AN APPEAL FROM THE DECISION OF T	<u>IN OF THE DEVELOPMENT OFFICER</u>	
	APPELLANT:		
	APPLICATION NO.:	231010857-001	
	APPLICATION TO:	Comply with a Stop Order to cease the General Industrial Use and remove all related materials from the site before February 20, 2017	
	DECISION OF THE DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY:	Order Issued	
	DECISION DATE:	January 19, 2017	
	DATE OF APPEAL:	February 1, 2017	
	MUNICIPAL DESCRIPTION OF SUBJECT PROPERTY:	21451 Fort Road NE	
	LEGAL DESCRIPTION:	Plan 9925026 Lot 11	
	ZONE:	AG Agricultural Zone	
	OVERLAY:	N/A	
	STATUTORY PLAN:	N/A	

Grounds for Appeal

The Appellant provided the following reasons for appealing the decision of the Development Authority:

The Order came in the winter when ground is frozen. We therefore need adequate time at least a year to clean up. Besides, the economy is very bad such that we are trying our best to survive in this hard time, a year will therefore be reasonable to afford the necessary equipment to cleanup. I disagree with the opinion that we are using the land for industrial activities. it is just a hobby that I am keeping the items on the land.

General Matters

Appeal Information:

The Municipal Government Act, RSA 2000, c M-26 states the following:

Grounds for Appeal

685(1) If a development authority

- (a) fails or refuses to issue a development permit to a person,
- (b) issues a development permit subject to conditions, or
- (c) issues an order under section 645,

the person applying for the permit or affected by the order under section 645 may appeal to the subdivision and development appeal board.

Appeals

686(1) A development appeal to a subdivision and development appeal board is commenced by filing a notice of the appeal, containing reasons, with the board within 14 days,

- (a) in the case of an appeal made by a person referred to in section 685(1), after
 - (i) the date on which the person is notified of the order or decision or the issuance of the development permit,

The Stop Order is dated January 19, 2017. The Notice of Appeal was filed on February 1, 2017.

Determining an Appeal

. . .

The *Municipal Government Act* states the following:

Hearing and decision

687(3) In determining an appeal, the subdivision and development appeal board

(a.1) must comply with the land use policies and statutory plans and, subject to clause (d), the land use bylaw in effect;

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- (c) may confirm, revoke or vary the order, decision or development permit or any condition attached to any of them or make or substitute an order, decision or permit of its own;
- (d) may make an order or decision or issue or confirm the issue of a development permit even though the proposed development does not comply with the land use bylaw if, in its opinion,
- (i) the proposed development would not
 - (A) unduly interfere with the amenities of the neighbourhood, or
 - (B) materially interfere with or affect the use, enjoyment or value of neighbouring parcels of land,
 - and
 - (ii) the proposed development conforms with the use prescribed for that land or building in the land use bylaw.

Stop order

645(1) Despite section 545, if a development authority finds that a development, land use or use of a building is not in accordance with

- (a) this Part or a land use bylaw or regulations under this Part, or
- (b) a development permit or subdivision approval,

the development authority may act under subsection (2).

(2) If subsection (1) applies, the development authority may, by written notice, order the owner, the person in possession of the land or building or the person responsible for the contravention, or any or all of them, to

- (a) stop the development or use of the land or building in whole or in part as directed by the notice,
- (b) demolish, remove or replace the development, or
- (c) carry out any other actions required by the notice so that the development or use of the land or building complies with this Part, the land use bylaw or regulations under this Part, a development permit or a subdivision approval,

within the time set out in the notice.

(3) A person who receives a notice referred to in subsection (2) may appeal to the subdivision and development appeal board in accordance with section 685.

General Provisions from the Edmonton Zoning Bylaw:

The subject property falls under the **AG Agricultural Zone.** Under section 610.1, the General Purpose of this zone "is to conserve agricultural and rural Uses."

General Industrial Use is neither a Permitted Use nor a Discretionary Use within this zone.

Section 7.5(2) provides as follows:

General Industrial Uses means development used principally for one or more of the following activities:

- a. the processing of raw materials;
- b. the making, manufacturing or assembling of semi-finished or finished goods, products or equipment;
- c. the cleaning, servicing, repairing or testing of materials, goods and equipment normally associated with industrial or commercial businesses or cleaning, servicing and repair operations to goods and equipment associated with personal or household use, where such operations have impacts that would make them incompatible in Nonindustrial Zones;
- d. the storage or transshipping of materials, goods and equipment;
- e. the distribution and sale of materials, goods and equipment to institutions or industrial and commercial businesses for their direct use or to General Retail Stores or other sales Uses defined in this Bylaw for resale to individual customers; or
- f. the training of personnel in general industrial operations.

This Use includes vehicle body repair and paint shops. This Use does not include Major Impact Utility Services and Minor Impact Utility Services or the preparation of food and beverages for direct sale to the public.

Approval Required for Development

Section 5 of the Edmonton Zoning Bylaw states:

5.1 No Person:

- 1. shall commence, or cause or allow to be commenced, a Development without a development Permit therefor issued under the provisions of Section 12 of this Bylaw; or
- 2. shall carry on, or cause or allow to be carried on a development without a Development Permit therefor issued under Section 12 of this Bylaw.

Notice to Applicant/Appellant

Provincial legislation requires that the Subdivision and Development Appeal Board issue its official decision in writing within fifteen days of the conclusion of the hearing. Bylaw No. 11136 requires that a verbal announcement of the Board's decision shall be made at the conclusion of the hearing of an appeal, but the verbal decision is not final nor binding on the Board until the decision has been given in writing in accordance with the *Municipal Government Act*.



MAILING ADDRESS: 5th Floor, 10250 - 101 Street NW Edmonton, AB T5J 3P4

January 19, 2017

Our File: 231010857-001



Dear Sir/Madam:

An Albertan Land Title search identifies you as the registered owner(s) of the property located at 21451 - FORT ROAD NE, legally described as Plan 9925026 Lot 11.

This Property was inspected by Development Compliance Officer Michael Doyle, on November 25, 2016. City of Edmonton Development Compliance Officers have the authority to conduct site inspections and exercise development powers under Section 624 of the Municipal Government Act.

LAND USE INFRACTION:

This property is zoned Agricultural Zone (AG) in accordance with Section 610 of the Edmonton Zoning Bylaw. Our investigation revealed that Use (General Industrial) has been developed without a Development Permit.

The City of Edmonton has not issued a Development Permit to develop a General Industrial Use, which is contrary to Section 5.1 of Edmonton Zoning Bylaw 12800, and Section 683 of the Municipal Government Act.

General Industrial means development used principally for one or more of the following activities:

a. the processing of raw materials;

b. the making, manufacturing or assembling of semi-finished or finished goods, products or equipment;

c. the cleaning, servicing, repairing or testing of materials, goods and equipment normally associated with industrial or commercial businesses or cleaning, servicing and repair operations to goods and equipment associated with personal or household use, where such operations have impacts that would make them incompatible in Non-industrial Zones;

d. the storage or transshipping of materials, goods and equipment;

e. the distribution and sale of materials, goods and equipment to institutions or industrial and commercial businesses for their direct use or to General Retail Stores or other sales Uses defined in this Bylaw for resale to individual customers; or Hearing Date: Wednesday, March 1, 2017

f. the training of personnel in general industrial operations.

General Industrial is neither a Permitted nor Discretionary Use in the Agricultural Zone.

ORDER:

Pursuant to Section 645 of the Municipal Government Act, YOU ARE HEREBY ORDERED TO:

CEASE THE GENERAL INDUSTRIAL USE AND REMOVE ALL RELATED MATERIALS FROM THE SITE BEFORE FEBRUARY 20, 2017.

CONSEQUENCES FOR NON-COMPLIANCE:

In the event that a person fails to comply with an Order issued under Section 645. Section 646 of the Municipal Government Act authorizes the City to enter on the land and take any action necessary to carry out the Order. Section 553(1)(h.1) of the Act provides that the costs and expenses of carrying out an Order may be added to the tax roll of the property. Section 566(1), subject to subsection (2), a person who is found guilty of an offence under this Act is liable to a fine of not more than \$10,000.00 or to imprisonment for not more than one year, or to both a fine and imprisonment.

The property will be inspected on February 21, 2017 to determine compliance with this Order.

Failure to comply will result in action as described in Section 646.

YOU ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED THAT IF YOU DO NOT:

1) CEASE THE GENERAL INDUSTRIAL USE AND REMOVE ALL RELATED MATERIALS FROM THE SITE BEFORE FEBRUARY 20, 2017.

the City may carry out the Order by entering onto the land and performing remedial actions pursuant to Section 646, and all the costs and expenses in doing so will be added to the tax roll pursuant to Section 553(1)(h.1) of the Municipal Government Act R.S.A. 2000.

Following are Sections 553, 645, 646, 683, 685 and 686 of the Municipal Government Act, R.S.A. 2000, c.M-26.1, which provides you with the right to appeal this Order and enables the City to add all costs associated with this action to the tax roll of the property.

If you have any questions in regards to this matter, please contact the writer at 780-423-5374.

Regards,

Michael Doyle Development and Zoning Development Services Phone Number: 780-423-5374 Email Address: Michael.Doyle@edmonton.ca

Adding	553(1)	A council may add the following amounts to the tax roll of a parcel of land:
Amounts Owing to tax roll	(a)	unpaid costs referred to in section 35(4) or 39(2) relating to service connections of a municipal public utility that are owing by the owner of the parcel;
	(b)	unpaid charges referred to in section 42 for a municipal utility service provided to the parcel by a municipal public utility that are owing by the owner of the parcel;
	(c)	unpaid expenses and costs referred to in section 549(3), if the parcel?s owner contravened the enactment or bylaw and the contravention occurred on all or a part of the parcel;
	(d), (e)	repealed 1999 c11 s35;
	(f)	costs associated with tax recovery proceedings related to the parcel;
	(g)	if the municipality has passed a bylaw making the owner of a parcel liable for expenses and costs related to the municipality extinguishing fires on the parcel, unpaid costs and expenses for extinguishing fires on the parcel;
	(g.1)	if the municipality has passed a bylaw requiring the owner or occupant of a parcel to keep the sidewalks adjacent to the parcel clear of snow and ice, unpaid expenses and costs incurred by the municipality for removing the snow and ice in respect of the parcel;
	(h)	unpaid costs awarded by a composite assessment review board under section 468.1 or the Municipal Government Board under section 501, if the composite assessment review board or the Municipal Government Board has awarded costs against the owner of the parcel in favour of the municipality and the matter before the composite assessment review board or the Municipal Government Board was related to the parcel;
	(h.1)	the expenses and costs of carrying out an order under section 646;
	(i)	any other amount that may be added to the tax roll under an enactment.
Stop order	645(1)	Despite section 545, if a development authority finds that a development, land use or use of a building is not in accordance with
	(a)	this Part or a land use bylaw or regulations under this Part, or
	(b)	a development permit or subdivision approval,
	the deve	elopment authority may act under subsection (2).
	owr	ubsection (1) applies, the development authority may, by written notice, order the ner, the person in possession of the land or building or the person responsible for contravention, or any or all of them, to
	(a)	stop the development or use of the land or building in whole or in part as directed by the notice,
	(b)	demolish, remove or replace the development, or
	(c)	carry out any other actions required by the notice so that the development or use of the land or building complies with this Part, the land use bylaw or regulations under this Part, a development permit or a subdivision approval, within the time set out in the notice.
		erson who receives a notice referred to in subsection (2) may appeal to the division and development appeal board in accordance with section 685.
Enforcement of stop order	646(1)	If a person fails or refuses to comply with an order directed to the person under section 645 or an order of a subdivision and development appeal board under section 687, the municipality may, in accordance with section 542, enter on the land or building and take any action necessary to carry out the order.
	refe	nunicipality may register a caveat under the Land Titles Act in respect of an order rrred to in subsection (1) against the certificate of title for the land that is the ject of the order.

Hearing Date: Wednesday, March 1, 2017

ζ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	(3) If a municipality registers a caveat under subsection (2), the municipality must
	discharge the caveat when the order has been complied with.
Permit	683 Except as otherwise provided in a land use bylaw, a person may not commence any development unless the person has been issued a development permit in respect of it pursuant to the land use bylaw.
Grounds for	685(1) If a development authority
appeal	(a) fails or refuses to issue a development permit to a person,
	(b) issues a development permit subject to conditions, or
	(c) issues an order under section 645,
	the person applying for the permit or affected by the order under section 645 may appeal to the subdivision and development appeal board.
	(2) In addition to an applicant under subsection (1), any person affected by an order, decision or development permit made or issued by a development authority may appeal to the subdivision and development appeal board.
	(3) Despite subsections (1) and (2), no appeal lies in respect of the issuance of a development permit for a permitted use unless the provisions of the land use bylaw were relaxed, varied or misinterpreted.
Appeals	686(1) A development appeal to a subdivision and development appeal board is commenced by filing a notice of the appeal, containing reasons, with the board within 14 days,
	(a) in the case of an appeal made by a person referred to in section 685(1), after
	 the date on which the person is notified of the order or decision or the issuance of the development permit, or
	 (ii) if no decision is made with respect to the application within the 40-day period or within any extension under section 684, the date the period or extension expires,
	or
	(b) in the case of an appeal made by a person referred to in section 685(2), after the date on which the notice of the issuance of the permit was given in accordance with the land use bylaw.
	(2) The subdivision and development appeal board must hold an appeal hearing within 30 days after receipt of a notice of appeal.
	(3) The subdivision and development appeal board must give at least 5 days? notice in writing of the hearing
	(a) to the appellant,
	(b) to the development authority whose order, decision or development permit is the subject of the appeal, and
	(c) to those owners required to be notified under the land use bylaw and any other person that the subdivision and development appeal board considers to be affected by the appeal and should be notified.
	(4) The subdivision and development appeal board must make available for public inspection before the commencement of the hearing all relevant documents and materials respecting the appeal, including
	 (a) the application for the development permit, the decision and the notice of appeal, or
	(b) the order under section 645.
	(5) In subsection (3), "owner" means the person shown as the owner of land on the assessment roll prepared under Part 9.





SDAB-D-16-043

Application No. 238668895-001

An appeal by ______ to construct a Single Detached House with front attached garage, front veranda, fireplace and rear uncovered deck (2.44m x 3.96m), located at 1381 – Ainslie Wynd SW, was **WITHDRAWN**.