SUBDIVISION

AND

DEVELOPMENT APPEAL BOARD

AGENDA

Wednesday, 9:00 A.M. March 6, 2019

Hearing Room No. 3 Churchill Building, 10019 - 103 Avenue NW, Edmonton, AB

SUBDIVISION AND DEVELOPMENT APPEAL BOARD HEARING ROOM NO. 3

I	9:00 A.M.	SDAB-D-19-027	Construct exterior alterations to an Accessory Building (rear detached garage, increase height
			from 4.30 metres to 4.81 metres). 6612 - 97 Avenue NW Project No.: 302268255-001
II	10:30 A.M.	SDAB-D-19-028	Cease the General Industrial Use and remove all related materials by February 11, 2019.
			18981 - 18 Street NW Project No.: 092647579-019

NOTE: Unless otherwise stated, all references to "Section numbers" refer to the authority under the Edmonton Zoning Bylaw 12800.

ITEM I: 9:00 A.M. FILE: SDAB-D-19-027

AN APPEAL FROM THE DECISION OF THE DEVELOPMENT OFFICER

APPELLANT:

APPLICATION NO.: 302268255-001

APPLICATION TO: Construct exterior alterations to an

Accessory Building (rear detached garage, increase height from 4.30 metres to 4.81

metres)

DECISION OF THE

DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY: Refused

DECISION DATE: February 7, 2019

DATE OF APPEAL: February 11, 2019

MUNICIPAL DESCRIPTION

OF SUBJECT PROPERTY: 6612 - 97 Avenue NW

LEGAL DESCRIPTION: Plan 6083KS Blk 12 Lot 26

ZONE: RF1 Single Detached Residential Zone

OVERLAY: Mature Neighbourhood Overlay

STATUTORY PLAN: N/A

Grounds for Appeal

The Appellant provided the following reasons for appealing the decision of the Development Authority:

I am building a 3 car garage for my client. Slab to peak is 6.2m and maximum is 5.8m. This is a mature neighborhood and in next 10 years or sooner every house will be demolished and re build again. I would like to ask for this variance since the height difference is not much.

General Matters

Appeal Information:

The Municipal Government Act, RSA 2000, c M-26 states the following:

Grounds for Appeal

685(1) If a development authority

- (a) fails or refuses to issue a development permit to a person,
- (b) issues a development permit subject to conditions, or
- (c) issues an order under section 645,

the person applying for the permit or affected by the order under section 645 may appeal to the subdivision and development appeal board.

Appeals

686(1) A development appeal to a subdivision and development appeal board is commenced by filing a notice of the appeal, containing reasons, with the board.

- (a) in the case of an appeal made by a person referred to in section 685(1)
 - (i) with respect to an application for a development permit,
 - (A) within 21 days after the date on which the written decision is given under section 642, [...]

Hearing and Decision

687(3) In determining an appeal, the subdivision and development appeal board

..

- (a.1) must comply with the land use policies;
- (a.2) subject to section 638, must comply with any applicable statutory plans;
- (a.3) subject to clauses (a.4) and (d), must comply with any land use bylaw in effect;
- (a.4) must comply with the applicable requirements of the regulations under the Gaming, Liquor and Cannabis Act respecting the location of premises described in a cannabis licence and distances between those premises and other premises;

. . .

- (c) may confirm, revoke or vary the order, decision or development permit or any condition attached to any of them or make or substitute an order, decision or permit of its own;
- (d) may make an order or decision or issue or confirm the issue of a development permit even though the proposed development does not comply with the land use bylaw if, in its opinion,
 - (i) the proposed development would not
 - (A) unduly interfere with the amenities of the neighbourhood, or
 - (B) materially interfere with or affect the use, enjoyment or value of neighbouring parcels of land,

and

(ii) the proposed development conforms with the use prescribed for that land or building in the land use bylaw.

General Provisions from the Edmonton Zoning Bylaw:

Under section 110.2(7), **Single Detached Housing** is a **Permitted Use** in the **(RF1) Single Detached Residential Zone**.

Under section 6.1, **Accessory** means "when used to describe a Use or building, a Use or building naturally or normally incidental, subordinate, and devoted to the principal Use or building, and located on the same lot or Site."

Under section 6.1, **Garage** means "an Accessory building, or part of a principal building designed and used primarily for the storage of motor vehicles and includes a carport."

Section 110.1 states that the **General Purpose** of the **(RF1) Single Detached Residential Zone** is:

to provide for Single Detached Housing while allowing other forms of small scale housing in the form of Secondary Suites, Garden Suites, Semi-detached Housing and Duplex Housing.

Section 814.1 states that the **General Purpose** of the **Mature Neighbourhood Overlay** is:

to regulate residential development in Edmonton's mature residential neighbourhoods, while responding to the context of surrounding development, maintaining the pedestrian-oriented design of the streetscape, and to provide an opportunity for consultation by gathering

input from affected parties on the impact of a proposed variance to the Overlay regulations.

Height

Section 50.3(3) states an Accessory building or structure shall not exceed 4.3 metres in Height.

Section 52.2(c) states where the maximum Height as determined by Section 52.1 is measured to the midpoint, the ridge line of the roof shall not extend more than 1.5 metres above the maximum permitted building Height of the Zone or overlay, or in the case of a Garden Suite the maximum permitted building Height in accordance with Section 87 of this Bylaw.

Development Officer's Determination

Height (to midpoint of roof) - The detached garage is 4.8m in height, instead of 4.3m (Section 50.3.3).

Height (to peak of roof) - The detached garage is 6.2m in height, instead of 5.8m (Section 52.2.c).

Notice to Applicant/Appellant

Provincial legislation requires that the Subdivision and Development Appeal Board issue its official decision in writing within fifteen days of the conclusion of the hearing.



Application for Accessory Building Permit

Project Number: **302268255-001**Application Date: JAN 10, 2019

Printed: February 7, 2019 at 3:01 PM

Page: 1 of 1

This document is a Development Permit Decision for the development application described below.

Applicant	Property Address(es) and Legal Description(s) 6612 - 97 AVENUE NW Plan 6083KS Blk 12 Lot 26 Location(s) of Work					
	Entryway: 6612 - 97 AVENUE NW					
	Building: 6612 - 97 AVENUE NW					
Scope of Application	Scope of Application					
To construct exterior alterations to an Accessory Building (rear detached garage, increase height from 4.30m to 4.81m).						
Permit Details	Permit Details					
	1					
Class Of Permit: Class B	Site Area (sq. m.): 597.48					
Stat. Plan Overlay/Annex Area: Mature Neighbourhood Overlay						
I/We certify that the above noted details are correct.						
Applicant signature:						
Development Application Decision						

Refused

Issue Date: Feb 07, 2019 Development Authority: ZHOU, ROWLEY

Reason for Refusal

Height (to midpoint of roof) - The detached garage is 4.8m in height, instead of 4.3m (Section 50.3.3).

Height (to peak of roof) - The detached garage is 6.2m in height, instead of 5.8m (Section 52.2.c).

Rights of Appeal

The Applicant has the right of appeal within 21 days after the date on which the decision is made, as outlined in Section 683 through 689 of the Municipal Government Act.

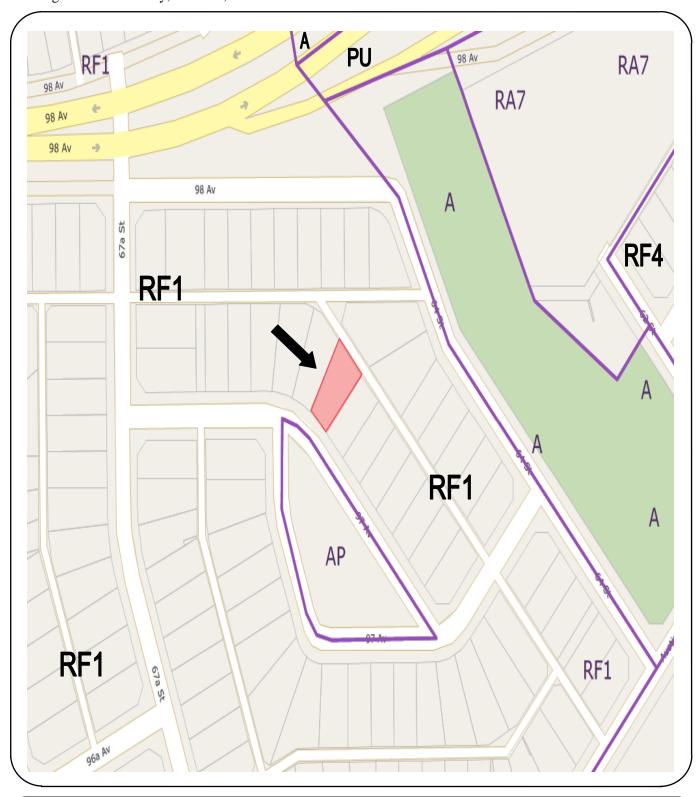
Building Permit Decision

Refused

F	e	e	S	

	Fee Amount	Amount Paid	Receipt #	Date Paid
Development Application Fee	\$118.00	\$118.00	05584006	Jan 10, 2019
Safety Codes Fee	\$0.00			
Building Permit Fee (Accessory Building)	\$0.00			
Total GST Amount:	\$0.00			
Totals for Permit:	\$118.00	\$118.00		

THIS IS NOT A PERMIT





ITEM II: 10:30 A.M. FILE: SDAB-D-19-028

AN APPEAL FROM THE DECISION OF THE DEVELOPMENT OFFICER

APPELLANT:

APPLICATION NO.: 092647579-019

APPLICATION TO: Cease the General Industrial Use and

remove all related materials by February

11, 2019.

DECISION OF THE

DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY: Order Issued

DECISION DATE: February 1, 2019

DATE OF APPEAL: February 1, 2019

MUNICIPAL DESCRIPTION

OF SUBJECT PROPERTY: 18981 - 18 Street NW

LEGAL DESCRIPTION: Plan 9521823 Lot 6

ZONE: AG Agricultural Zone

OVERLAY: North Saskatchewan River Valley and

Ravine System Protection Overlay

STATUTORY PLAN: Horse Hills Area Structure Plan

Marquis Neighbourhood Structure Plan

Grounds for Appeal

The Appellant provided the following reasons for appealing the decision of the Development Authority:

- 1. The subject property is in an agricultural zone. As per Section 610.1 of the Zoning Bylaw 12800, "The purpose of this Zone is to conserve agricultural and rural use." Since a part of the property is already in the proposed Marquis Neighborhood Plan, it cannot be considered to be used to conserve agricultural use any longer.
- 2. As per 2018 and 2019 Property Assessment Notices, a part of the property has already been assessed for "Fenced Storage" and is used accordingly.
- 3. Our present tenant, who leases the subject property, uses the fenced storage to park vehicles. Some of these vehicles are also used for agricultural purposes.

In view of the above, we ask the Authorities to stop the Order dated January 14, 2019.

General Matters

The Board is advised that the Appellant and Development Authority consented that the matter be heard on March 6, 2019.

Appeal Information:

The Municipal Government Act, RSA 2000, c M-26 states the following:

Grounds for Appeal

685(1) If a development authority

- (a) fails or refuses to issue a development permit to a person,
- (b) issues a development permit subject to conditions, or
- (c) issues an order under section 645,

the person applying for the permit or affected by the order under section 645 may appeal to the subdivision and development appeal board.

(2) In addition to an applicant under subsection (1), any person affected by an order, decision or development permit made or issued by a development authority may appeal to the subdivision and development appeal board.

Appeals

686(1) A development appeal to a subdivision and development appeal board is commenced by filing a notice of the appeal, containing reasons, with the board,

- (a) in the case of an appeal made by a person referred to in section 685(1)
 - (i) with respect to an application for a development permit,
 - (A) within 21 days after the date on which the written decision is given under section 642, or
 - (B) if no decision is made with respect to the application within the 40-day period, or within any extension of that period under section 684, within 21 days after the date the period or extension expires,

or

(ii) with respect to an order under section 645, within 21 days after the date on which the order is made, or

(b) in the case of an appeal made by a person referred to in section 685(2), within 21 days after the date on which the notice of the issuance of the permit was given in accordance with the land use bylaw.

Hearing and Decision

687(3) In determining an appeal, the subdivision and development appeal board

. .

- (a.1) must comply with the land use policies;
- (a.2) subject to section 638, must comply with any applicable statutory plans;
- (a.3) subject to clauses (a.4) and (d), must comply with any land use bylaw in effect;
- (a.4) must comply with the applicable requirements of the regulations under the Gaming, Liquor and Cannabis Act respecting the location of premises described in a cannabis licence and distances between those premises and other premises;

...

- (c) may confirm, revoke or vary the order, decision or development permit or any condition attached to any of them or make or substitute an order, decision or permit of its own;
- (d) may make an order or decision or issue or confirm the issue of a development permit even though the proposed development does not comply with the land use bylaw if, in its opinion,
 - (i) the proposed development would not
 - (A) unduly interfere with the amenities of the neighbourhood, or
 - (B) materially interfere with or affect the use, enjoyment or value of neighbouring parcels of land,

and

(ii) the proposed development conforms with the use prescribed for that land or building in the land use bylaw.

General Provisions from the Edmonton Zoning Bylaw:

Section 610.1 states that the **General Purpose** of the (**AG**) **Agricultural Zone** is:

The purpose of this Zone is to conserve agricultural and rural Uses.

A **General Industrial Use** is not listed as a Permitted Use or Discretionary Use under Section 610.2 or Section 610.3.

Under section 7.5(3), **General Industrial Uses** means development used principally for one or more of the following activities:

- a. the processing of raw materials;
- b. the making, manufacturing or assembling of semi-finished or finished goods, products or equipment;
- c. the cleaning, servicing, repairing or testing of materials, goods and equipment normally associated with industrial or commercial businesses or cleaning, servicing and repair operations to goods and equipment associated with personal or household use, where such operations have impacts that would make them incompatible in Nonindustrial Zones;
- d. the storage or transshipping of materials, goods and equipment;
- e. the distribution and sale of materials, goods and equipment to institutions or industrial and commercial businesses for their direct use or to General Retail Stores or other sales Uses defined in this Bylaw for resale to individual customers; or
 - f. the training of personnel in general industrial operations.

This Use includes vehicle body repair and paint shops and Cannabis Production and Distribution licensed and operating pursuant to provincial or federal legislation. This Use does not include Major Impact Utility Services and Minor Impact Utility Services or the preparation of food and beverages for direct sale to the public.

Previous Subdivision and Development Appeal Board Decisions

Application Number	Description	Decision
SDAB-D-10-293	To operate a Major Home	October 29, 2010; that the
	Based Business (Aggregate	appeal be DENIED and the
	Hauling for 10 semi-	DECISION OF THE
	truck/trailers)	DEVELOPMENT
		AUTHORITY CONFIRMED
SDAB-D-10-227	Stop Order to remove all	August 6, 2010; that the
	commercial vehicles from	appeal be DENIED and the
	the entire property by June	Stop Order VARIED as
	28, 2010	follows:

1. The use of the land is not in accordance with the City of Edmonton Zoning Bylaw (Bylaw 12800) as follows:
Section 23.2(8) - Non- permitted use of General Contractor Services
2. Remove all commercial vehicles and equipment from your entire property on or before September 15, 2010

Notice to Applicant/Appellant

Provincial legislation requires that the Subdivision and Development Appeal Board issue its official decision in writing within fifteen days of the conclusion of the hearing.

City of Edmonton Development and Zoning Services Development Compliance & Inquiries



January 14, 2019		Our File: 092647579-019	

MUNICIPAL GOVERNMENT ACT ORDER

Dear Sir/Madam:

An Alberta Land Titles search identifies you as the registered owner(s) of the property located at 18981 18 STREET NW in Edmonton, Alberta, legally described as Plan 9521823 Lot 6.

This Property was inspected by Development Compliance Officer Justin Hogberg, on January 11, 2019. City of Edmonton Development Compliance Officers have the authority to conduct site inspections and exercise development powers under Section 542 and 624 of the Municipal Government Act.

ZONING BYLAW INFRACTION:

This property is zoned (AG) Agricultural Zone in accordance with Section 610 of Edmonton Zoning Bylaw 12800. Our investigation revealed a General Industrial Use (storage of equipment) has been developed without a Development Permit.

The City of Edmonton has not issued a Development Permit to develop a General Industrial Use which is contrary to Section 5.1 of Edmonton Zoning Bylaw 12800, and Section 683 of the Municipal Government Act.

Section 5.1 of Edmonton Zoning Bylaw states: Requirement for a Development Permit

- No person shall commence, or cause or allow to be commenced, a development without a Development Permit issued in accordance with Section 12 of this Bylaw.
- 2. No person shall carry on, or cause or allow to be carried on a development without a Development Permit issued in accordance with Section 12 of this Bylaw.

General Industrial Uses means development used principally for one or more of the following activities:

- a. the processing of raw materials;
- b. the making, manufacturing or assembling of semi-finished or finished goods, products or equipment;
- c. the cleaning, servicing, repairing or testing of materials, goods and equipment normally associated with industrial or commercial businesses or cleaning, servicing and repair operations to goods and equipment associated with personal or household use, where such operations have impacts that would make them incompatible in Non-industrial Zones;
- d. the storage or transshipping of materials, goods and equipment;
- e. the distribution and sale of materials, goods and equipment to institutions or industrial and commercial businesses for their direct use or to General Retail Stores or other sales Uses defined in this Bylaw for resale to individual customers; or
- f. the training of personnel in general industrial operations.

ORDER:

Pursuant to Section 645 of the Municipal Government Act, R.S.A. 2000, you are hereby ordered to:

Cease the General Industrial Use and remove all related materials by February 11, 2019.

CONSEQUENCES FOR NON-COMPLIANCE:

The property will be inspected after February 11, 2019 to determine compliance with this Order.

In the event that a person fails to comply with this Order issued under Section 645, Section 646 of the Municipal Government Act authorizes the City to enter the land and take any action necessary to carry out the Order. Section 646 authorizes the City to register a caveat under the Land Titles Act.

Section 553(1)(h.1) of the Municipal Government Act provides that the costs and expenses of carrying out an order may be added to the tax roll of the property and Section 566(1), subject to 566(2), a person who is found guilty of an offence under this Act is liable to a fine of not more than \$10,000.00 or to imprisonment for not more than one year, or to both fine and imprisonment.

Affected persons may appeal this Order by filing within the prescribed time to the Subdivision and Development Appeal Board. Visit the website at https://sdab.edmonton.ca or call 780-496-6079 for more information on how to file an appeal.

Following are Sections 553, 645, 646, 683, 685 and 686 of the Municipal Government Act, R.S.A. 2000, c.M-26.1, which provides you with the right to appeal this Order and enables the City to add all costs associated with this action to the tax roll of the property.

If you have any questions in regards to this matter, please contact the writer at 780-496-6220.

Regards,

Justin Hogberg Development and Zoning Development Services Phone Number: 780-496-6220 Fax Number: 780-496-6054

Email Address: Justin.Hogberg@edmonton.ca

Adding Amounts Owing to tax roll

- 553(1) A council may add the following amounts to the tax roll of a parcel of land:
 - (a) unpaid costs referred to in section 35(4) or 39(2) relating to service connections
 of a municipal public utility that are owing by the owner of the parcel;
 - (b) unpaid charges referred to in section 42 for a municipal utility service provided to the parcel by a municipal public utility that are owing by the owner of the parcel;
 - (c) unpaid expenses and costs referred to in section 549(3), if the parcel's owner contravened the enactment or bylaw and the contravention occurred on all or a part of the parcel;
 - (d), (e) repealed 1999 c11 s35;
 - (f) costs associated with tax recovery proceedings related to the parcel;
 - (g) if the municipality has passed a bylaw making the owner of a parcel liable for expenses and costs related to the municipality extinguishing fires on the parcel, unpaid costs and expenses for extinguishing fires on the parcel;
 - (g.1) if the municipality has passed a bylaw requiring the owner or occupant of a if the municipality has passed a bylaw requiring the owner or occupant of a parcel to keep the sidewalks adjacent to the parcel clear of snow and ice, unpaid expenses and costs incurred by the municipality for removing the snow and ice in respect of the parcel;
 - (h) Unpaid costs awarded by a composite assessment review board under section 468.1 or the Municipal Government Board under section 501, if the composite assessment review board or the Municipal Government Board has awarded costs against the owner of the parcel in favour of the municipality and the matter before the composite assessment review board or the Municipal Government Boa
 - (h.1) the expenses and costs of carrying out an order under section 646;
 - (i) any other amount that may be added to the tax roll under an enactment.

Stop order

- 645(1) Despite section 545, if a development authority finds that a development, land use or use of a building is not in accordance with
 - (a) this Part or a land use bylaw or regulations under this Part, or
 - (b) a development permit or subdivision approval,

the development authority may act under subsection (2).

- (2) If subsection (1) applies, the development authority may, by written notice, order the owner, the person in possession of the land or building or the person responsible for the contravention, or any or all of them, to
 - (a) stop the development or use of the land or building in whole or in part as directed by the notice,
 - (b) demolish, remove or replace the development, or
 - (c) carry out any other actions required by the notice so that the development or use of the land or building complies with this Part, the land use bylaw or regulations under this Part, a development permit or a subdivision approval,

within the time set out in the notice.

- (2.1) A notice referred to in subsection (2) must specify the date on which the order was made, must contain any other information required by the regulations and must be given or sent to the person or persons referred to in subsection (2) on the same day the decision is made.
 - (3) A person who receives a notice referred to in subsection (2) may appeal to the subdivision and development appeal board in accordance with section 685.

Enforcement of stop order

- **646(1)** If a person fails or refuses to comply with an order directed to the person under section 645 or an order of a subdivision and development appeal board under section 687, the municipality may, in accordance with section 542, enter on the land or building and take any action necessary to carry out the order.
 - (2) A municipality may register a caveat under the Land Titles Act in respect of an order referred to in subsection (1) against the certificate of title for the land that is the subject of the order.
 - (3) If a municipality registers a caveat under subsection (2), the municipality must discharge the caveat when the order has been complied with.

Permit

683 Except as otherwise provided in a land use bylaw, a person may not commence any development unless the person has been issued a development permit in respect of it pursuant to the land use bylaw.

Grounds for appeal

685(1) If a development authority

- (a) fails or refuses to issue a development permit to a person,
- (b) issues a development permit subject to conditions, or
- (c) issues an order under section 645,

the person applying for the permit or affected by the order under section 645 may appeal to the subdivision and development appeal board.

- (2) In addition to an applicant under subsection (1), any person affected by an order, decision or development permit made or issued by a development authority may appeal to the subdivision and development appeal board.
- (3) Despite subsections (1) and (2), no appeal lies in respect of the issuance of a development permit for a permitted use unless the provisions of the land use bylaw were relaxed, varied or misinterpreted or the application for the development permit was deemed to be refused under section 683.1(8).
- (4) Despite subsections (1), (2) and (3), if a decision with respect to a development permit application in respect of a direct control district
 - (a) is made by a council, there is no appeal to the subdivision and development appeal board, or
 - (b) is made by a development authority, the appeal is limited to whether the development authority followed the directions of council, and if the subdivision and development appeal board finds that the development authority did not follow the directions it may, in accordance with the directions, substitute its decision for the development authority's decision.

Appeals

686(1) A development appeal to a subdivision and development appeal board is commenced by filing a notice of the appeal, containing reasons, with the board

- (a) in the case of an appeal made by a person referred to in section 685(1)
 - (i) within 21 days after the date on which the decision is made under section 642, or
 - (A) The subdivision and development appeal board must hold an appeal hearing within 30 days after receipt of a notice of appeal.
 - (B) if no decision is made with respect to the application within the 40day period, or within any extension of that period under section 684, within 21 days after the date the period or extension expires,

or

(ii) if no decision is made with respect to the application within the 40-day period or within any extension under section 684, the date the period or extension expires, or

- (b) in the case of an appeal made by a person referred to in section 685(2), within 21 days after the date on which the notice of the issuance of the permit was given in accordance with the land use bylaw.
- (2) The subdivision and development appeal board must hold an appeal hearing within 30 days after receipt of a notice of appeal.
- (3) The subdivision and development appeal board must give at least 5 days notice in writing of the hearing
 - (a) to the appellant,
 - (b) to the development authority whose order, decision or development permit is the subject of the appeal, and
 - (c) to those owners required to be notified under the land use bylaw and any other person that the subdivision and development appeal board considers to be affected by the appeal and should be notified.
- (4) The subdivision and development appeal board must make available for public inspection before the commencement of the hearing all relevant documents and materials respecting the appeal, including
 - (a) the application for the development permit, the decision and the notice of appeal, or
 - (b) the order under section 645.
- (4.1) Subsections (1)(b) and (3)(c) do not apply to an appeal of a deemed refusal under section 683.1(8).
 - (5) In subsection (3), "owner" means the person shown as the owner of land on the assessment roll prepared under Part 9.

