SUBDIVISION

AND

DEVELOPMENT APPEAL BOARD

AGENDA

Wednesday, 9:00 A.M. October 10, 2018

Hearing Room No. 3 Churchill Building, 10019 - 103 Avenue NW, Edmonton, AB

SUBDIVISION AND DEVELOPMENT APPEAL BOARD HEARING ROOM NO. 3

Ι	9:00 A.M.	SDAB-D-18-163	Change the Use from General Retail to Cannabis Retail Sales 10120 - 151 Street NW
			Project No.: 286172072-001
II	10:30 A.M.	SDAB-D-18-164	Change the Use from a General Retail to a Cannabis Retail Store
			7240 - 101 Avenue NW Project No.: 287015970-001
III	2:00 P.M.	SDAB-S-18-010	Create one (1) additional Single Detached Residential Lot
			13607 - 108 Avenue NW Project No.: 278868871-001

NOTE: Unless otherwise stated, all references to "section numbers" refer to the authority under the Edmonton Zoning Bylaw 12800.

<u>ITEM I: 9:00 A.M.</u> <u>FILE: SDAB-D-18-163</u>

AN APPEAL FROM THE DECISION OF THE DEVELOPMENT OFFICER

APPELLANT:

APPLICATION NO.: 286172072-001

APPLICATION TO: Change the Use from General Retail to

Cannabis Retail Sales

DECISION OF THE

DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY: Refused

DECISION DATE: August 22, 2018

DATE OF APPEAL: September 10, 2018

MUNICIPAL DESCRIPTION

OF SUBJECT PROPERTY: 10120 - 151 Street NW

LEGAL DESCRIPTION: Plan 8089ET Blk 42 Lot 19

ZONE: (CB1) Low Intensity Business Zone

OVERLAY: Main Streets Overlay

STATUTORY PLAN: Jasper Place Area Redevelopment Plan

Grounds for Appeal

The Appellant provided the following reasons for appealing the decision of the Development Authority:

Please see separate document containing reasons for appeal.

General Matters

Appeal Information:

The Municipal Government Act, RSA 2000, c M-26 states the following:

Grounds for Appeal

685(1) If a development authority

- (a) fails or refuses to issue a development permit to a person,
- (b) issues a development permit subject to conditions, or
- (c) issues an order under section 645,

the person applying for the permit or affected by the order under section 645 may appeal to the subdivision and development appeal board.

Appeals

686(1) A development appeal to a subdivision and development appeal board is commenced by filing a notice of the appeal, containing reasons, with the board,

- (a) in the case of an appeal made by a person referred to in section 685(1)
 - (i) with respect to an application for a development permit,
 - (A) within 21 days after the date on which the written decision is given under section 642, [...]

Hearing and Decision

687(3) In determining an appeal, the subdivision and development appeal board

. . .

- (a.1) must comply with the land use policies;
- (a.2) subject to section 638, must comply with any applicable statutory plans;
- (a.3) subject to clauses (a.4) and (d), must comply with any land use bylaw in effect;
- (a.4) must comply with the applicable requirements of the regulations under the Gaming, Liquor and Cannabis Act respecting the location of premises described in a cannabis licence and distances between those premises and other premises;

• • •

(c) may confirm, revoke or vary the order, decision or development permit or any condition attached to any of them or make or substitute an order, decision or permit of its own;

- (d) may make an order or decision or issue or confirm the issue of a development permit even though the proposed development does not comply with the land use bylaw if, in its opinion,
 - (i) the proposed development would not
 - (A) unduly interfere with the amenities of the neighbourhood, or
 - (B) materially interfere with or affect the use, enjoyment or value of neighbouring parcels of land,

and

(ii) the proposed development conforms with the use prescribed for that land or building in the land use bylaw.

General Provisions from the Edmonton Zoning Bylaw:

Under section 330.2(3), Cannabis Retail Sales is a Permitted Use in the (CB1) Low Intensity Business Zone.

Under section 7.4(9), Cannabis Retail Sales means:

development used for the retail sale of Cannabis that is authorized by provincial or federal legislation. This Use may include retail sales of Cannabis accessories. This Use does not include Cannabis Production and Distribution.

Under section 6.1, Cannabis means:

a cannabis plant and anything referred to in subsection (a) of this definition but does not include anything referred to in subsection (b) of this definition:

a. Cannabis includes:

- any part of a cannabis plant, including the phytocannabinoids produced by, or found in, such a plant, regardless of whether that part has been processed or not, other than a part of the plant referred to in subsection (b) of this definition.
- ii. any substance or mixture of substances that contains or has on it any part of such a plant;
- iii. any substance that is identical to any phytocannabinoid produced by, or found in, such a plant, regardless of how the substance was obtained.

- b. Notwithstanding subsection (a) of this definition, Cannabis does not include:
 - i. a non-viable seed of a cannabis plant;
 - ii. a mature stalk, without any leaf, flower, seed or branch, of such plant;
 - iii. fibre derived from a stalk referred in subsection (b)(ii) of this definition; and
 - iv. the root or any part of the root of such a plant.

Under section 6.1, **Site** means "an area of land consisting of one or more abutting Lots."

Section 330.1 states that the **General Purpose** of the **(CB1) Low Intensity Business Zone** is:

to provide for low intensity commercial, office and service uses located along arterial roadways that border residential areas. Development shall be sensitive and in scale with existing development along the commercial street and any surrounding residential neighbourhood.

Section 819.1 states that the **General Purpose** of the **Main Streets Overlay** is:

to encourage and strengthen the pedestrian-oriented character of Edmonton's main street commercial areas that are located in proximity to residential and transit-oriented areas, by providing visual interest, transparent storefront displays, and amenities for pedestrians.

Section 70 - Cannabis Retail Sales regulations

- 1. Any Cannabis Retail Sales shall not be located less than 200 m from any other Cannabis Retail Sales. For the purposes of this subsection only:
 - a. the $\underline{200~m}$ separation distance shall be measured from the closest point of the Cannabis Retail Sales Use to the closest point of any other approved Cannabis Retail Sales Use;
 - b. A Development Officer shall not grant a variance to reduce the separation distance by more than 20 m in compliance with Section 11; and
 - c. The issuance of a Development Permit which contains a variance to separation distance as described in 70(1)b shall be issued as a Class B Discretionary Development.

- 2. Any Site containing a Cannabis Retail Sales shall not be located less than 200 m from any Site being used for a public library, or for public or private education at the time of the application for the Development Permit for the Cannabis Retail Sales. For the purposes of this subsection only:
 - a. the <u>200 m</u> separation distance shall be measured from the closest point of the subject Site boundary to the closest point of another Site boundary, and shall not be measured from Zone boundaries or from the edges of structures;
 - b. the term "public library" is limited to the collection of literary, artistic, musical and similar reference materials in the form of books, manuscripts, recordings and films for public use, and does not include private libraries, museums or art galleries; and
 - c. the term "public or private education" is limited to elementary through to high schools inclusive only, and does not include dance schools, driving schools or other Commercial Schools.
- 3. Any Site containing a Cannabis Retail Sales shall not be located less than 100 m from any Site being used for Community Recreation Services Use, a community recreation facility, a provincial health care facility, as public lands, or any Site that is designated as school reserve or municipal and school reserve at the time of the application for the Development Permit for the Cannabis Retail Sales. For the purposes of this subsection only:
 - a. the 100 m separation distance shall be measured from the closest point of the subject Site boundary to the closest point of another Site boundary, and shall not be measured from Zone boundaries or from the edges of structures;
 - b. the term "community recreation facilities" means indoor municipal facilities used primarily by members of the public to participate in recreational activities conducted at the facilities, as per the Municipal Government Act; and
 - c. the term "public lands" is limited to Sites zoned AP, and Sites zoned A.
- 4. Notwithstanding Section 11 of this Bylaw, a Development Officer shall not grant a variance to subsection 70(2) or 70(3).
- 5. Cannabis Retail Sales shall include design elements that readily allow for natural surveillance to promote a safe urban environment, where applicable and to the satisfaction of the development officer, including the following requirements:
 - a. customer access to the store is limited to a store front that is visible from the street other than a Lane, or a shopping centre

parking lot, or a mall access that allows visibility from the interior of the mall into the store:

- b. the exterior of all stores shall have ample transparency from the street:
- c. Any outdoor lighting shall be designed to ensure a well-lit environment for pedestrians and illumination of the property; and
- d. Landscaping shall be low-growing shrubs or deciduous trees with a high canopy at maturity to maintain natural surveillance.
- 6. The Development Officer shall impose a condition on any Development Permit issued for Cannabis Retail Sales requiring that the development:
 - a. shall not commence until authorized by and compliant with superior legislation; and
 - b. must commence within nine (9) months of the date of approval of the Development Permit.
- 7. For the purposes of Section 70(6), development commences when the Cannabis Retail Sales Use is established or begins operation.

Development Officer's Determination

The proposed Cannabis Retail Store does not comply with the minimum setback requirement from an approved Cannabis Retail Sales location(Section 70.1):

Required Setback: 200 m Proposed Setback: 119 m

Deficient by 81 m

Under Sections 70.1(b) and 70.4 of the Zoning Bylaw, the Development Officer is prohibited from granting a variance to the minimum setback to allow for the proposed Cannabis Retail Store. [unedited]

Notice to Applicant/Appellant

Provincial legislation requires that the Subdivision and Development Appeal Board issue its official decision in writing within fifteen days of the conclusion of the hearing.



Application for Major Development Permit

Project Number: 286172072-001 Application Date: JUN 28, 2018 Printed: September 11, 2018 at 10:00 AM Page:

This document is a Development Permit Decision for the development application described below.

Applicant

Property Address(es) and Legal Description(s)

10120 - 151 STREET NW

Plan 8089ET Blk 42 Lot 19

Specific Address(es)

10120 - 151 STREET NW

Entryway: 10120 - 151 STREET NW Building: 10116 - 151 STREET NW

Scope of Application

To change the use from General Retail to Cannabis Retail Sales

Permit Details

Class of Permit:

Gross Floor Area (sq.m.):

New Sewer Service Required: N

Site Area (sq. m.): 165

Contact Person:

Lot Grading Needed?: N

NumberOfMainFloorDwellings:

Stat. Plan Overlay/Annex Area: (none)

I/We certify that the above noted details are correct.

Applicant signature:

Development Application Decision

Issue Date: Aug 22, 2018 Development Authority: Chow, Stephen

Reason for Refusal

The proposed Cannabis Retail Store does not comply with the minimum setback requirement from an approved Cannabis Retail Sales location(Section 70.1):

Required Setback: 200 m Proposed Setback: 119 m Deficient by 81 m

Under Sections 70.1(b) and 70.4 of the Zoning Bylaw, the Development Officer is prohibited from granting a variance to the minimum setback to allow for the proposed Cannabis Retail Store.

Rights of Appeal

The Applicant has the right of appeal within 21 days after the date on which the decision is made, as outlined in Section 683 through 689 of the Municipal Government Act.

Fees

Fee Amount

Amount Paid

Receipt #

Date Paid

Major Dev. Application Fee

\$5,600.00

\$5,600.00

05140274

Jun 28, 2018

Total GST Amount: Totals for Permit:

\$0.00

\$5,600.00

\$5,600.00

THIS IS NOT A PERMIT



SURROUNDING LAND USE DISTRICTS

Site Location

File: SDAB-D-18-163

Ν

<u>ITEM II: 10:30 A.M.</u> <u>FILE: SDAB-D-18-164</u>

AN APPEAL FROM THE DECISION OF THE DEVELOPMENT OFFICER

APPELLANT:

APPLICATION NO.: 287015970-001

APPLICATION TO: Change the Use from a General Retail to a

Cannabis Retail Store

DECISION OF THE

DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY: Refused

DECISION DATE: September 11, 2018

DATE OF APPEAL: September 17, 2018

MUNICIPAL DESCRIPTION

OF SUBJECT PROPERTY: 7240 - 101 Avenue NW

LEGAL DESCRIPTION: Plan 2011AO Blk 3 Lots 16-23

ZONE: (CSC) Shopping Centre Zone

OVERLAY: Main Streets Overlay

STATUTORY PLAN: N/A

Grounds for Appeal

The Appellant provided the following reasons for appealing the decision of the Development Authority:

180 metres from a school yard when really business is 237.04 metres to school property.

General Matters

Appeal Information:

The Municipal Government Act, RSA 2000, c M-26 states the following:

Grounds for Appeal

685(1) If a development authority

- (a) fails or refuses to issue a development permit to a person,
- (b) issues a development permit subject to conditions, or
- (c) issues an order under section 645,

the person applying for the permit or affected by the order under section 645 may appeal to the subdivision and development appeal board.

Appeals

686(1) A development appeal to a subdivision and development appeal board is commenced by filing a notice of the appeal, containing reasons, with the board,

- (a) in the case of an appeal made by a person referred to in section 685(1)
 - (i) with respect to an application for a development permit,
 - (A) within 21 days after the date on which the written decision is given under section 642, [...]

Hearing and Decision

687(3) In determining an appeal, the subdivision and development appeal board

. . .

- (a.1) must comply with the land use policies;
- (a.2) subject to section 638, must comply with any applicable statutory plans;
- (a.3) subject to clauses (a.4) and (d), must comply with any land use bylaw in effect;
- (a.4) must comply with the applicable requirements of the regulations under the Gaming, Liquor and Cannabis Act respecting the location of premises described in a cannabis licence and distances between those premises and other premises;

• • •

(c) may confirm, revoke or vary the order, decision or development permit or any condition attached to any of them or make or substitute an order, decision or permit of its own;

- (d) may make an order or decision or issue or confirm the issue of a development permit even though the proposed development does not comply with the land use bylaw if, in its opinion,
 - (i) the proposed development would not
 - (A) unduly interfere with the amenities of the neighbourhood, or
 - (B) materially interfere with or affect the use, enjoyment or value of neighbouring parcels of land,

and

(ii) the proposed development conforms with the use prescribed for that land or building in the land use bylaw.

General Provisions from the Edmonton Zoning Bylaw:

Under section 320.2(3), Cannabis Retail Sales is a Permitted Use in the (CSC) Shopping Centre Zone.

Under section 7.4(9), **Cannabis Retail Sales** means:

development used for the retail sale of Cannabis that is authorized by provincial or federal legislation. This Use may include retail sales of Cannabis accessories. This Use does not include Cannabis Production and Distribution.

Under section 6.1, Cannabis means:

a cannabis plant and anything referred to in subsection (a) of this definition but does not include anything referred to in subsection (b) of this definition:

a. Cannabis includes:

- i. any part of a cannabis plant, including the phytocannabinoids produced by, or found in, such a plant, regardless of whether that part has been processed or not, other than a part of the plant referred to in subsection (b) of this definition.
- ii. any substance or mixture of substances that contains or has on it any part of such a plant;
- iii. any substance that is identical to any phytocannabinoid produced by, or found in, such a plant, regardless of how the substance was obtained.

- b. Notwithstanding subsection (a) of this definition, Cannabis does not include:
 - i. a non-viable seed of a cannabis plant;
 - ii. a mature stalk, without any leaf, flower, seed or branch, of such plant;
 - iii. fibre derived from a stalk referred in subsection (b)(ii) of this definition; and
 - iv. the root or any part of the root of such a plant.

Under section 7.8(8), **Private Education Services** means:

development for instruction and education which is not maintained at public expense and which may or may not offer courses of study equivalent to those offered in a public school or private instruction as a Home Based Business. This Use includes dormitory and Accessory buildings. This Use does not include Commercial Schools.

Under section 7.8(11), **Public Education Services** means:

development which is publicly supported or subsidized involving public assembly for educational, training or instruction purposes, and includes the administration offices required for the provision of such services on the same Site. This Use includes public and separate schools, community colleges, universities, and technical and vocational schools, and their administrative offices. This Use does not include Private Education Services and Commercial Schools.

Under section 6.1, **Site** means "an area of land consisting of one or more abutting Lots."

Section 320.1 states that the **General Purpose** of the (**CSC**) **Shopping Centre Zone** is "to provide for larger shopping centre developments intended to serve a community or regional trade area. Residential, office, entertainment and cultural uses may also be included within such shopping complexes."

Section 819.1 states that the **General Purpose** of the **Main Streets Overlay** is:

to encourage and strengthen the pedestrian-oriented character of Edmonton's main street commercial areas that are located in proximity to residential and transit-oriented areas, by providing visual interest, transparent storefront displays, and amenities for pedestrians.

Section 70 - Cannabis Retail Sales regulations

1. Any Cannabis Retail Sales shall not be located less than 200 m from any other Cannabis Retail Sales. For the purposes of this subsection only:

- a. the <u>200 m</u> separation distance shall be measured from the closest point of the Cannabis Retail Sales Use to the closest point of any other approved Cannabis Retail Sales Use;
- b. A Development Officer shall not grant a variance to reduce the separation distance by more than <u>20 m</u> in compliance with Section 11; and
- c. The issuance of a Development Permit which contains a variance to separation distance as described in 70(1)b shall be issued as a Class B Discretionary Development.
- 2. Any Site containing a Cannabis Retail Sales shall not be located less than 200 m from any Site being used for a public library, or for public or private education at the time of the application for the Development Permit for the Cannabis Retail Sales. For the purposes of this subsection only:
 - a. the <u>200 m</u> separation distance shall be measured from the closest point of the subject Site boundary to the closest point of another Site boundary, and shall not be measured from Zone boundaries or from the edges of structures;
 - the term "public library" is limited to the collection of literary, artistic, musical and similar reference materials in the form of books, manuscripts, recordings and films for public use, and does not include private libraries, museums or art galleries; and
 - c. the term "public or private education" is limited to elementary through to high schools inclusive only, and does not include dance schools, driving schools or other Commercial Schools.
- 3. Any Site containing a Cannabis Retail Sales shall not be located less than 100 m from any Site being used for Community Recreation Services Use, a community recreation facility, a provincial health care facility, as public lands, or any Site that is designated as school reserve or municipal and school reserve at the time of the application for the Development Permit for the Cannabis Retail Sales. For the purposes of this subsection only:
 - a. the 100 m separation distance shall be measured from the closest point of the subject Site boundary to the closest point of another Site boundary, and shall not be measured from Zone boundaries or from the edges of structures;
 - b. the term "community recreation facilities" means indoor municipal facilities used primarily by members of the public to participate in recreational activities conducted at the facilities, as per the Municipal Government Act; and

- c. the term "public lands" is limited to Sites zoned AP, and Sites zoned A.
- 4. Notwithstanding Section 11 of this Bylaw, a Development Officer shall not grant a variance to subsection 70(2) or 70(3).
- 5. Cannabis Retail Sales shall include design elements that readily allow for natural surveillance to promote a safe urban environment, where applicable and to the satisfaction of the development officer, including the following requirements:
 - a. customer access to the store is limited to a store front that is visible from the street other than a Lane, or a shopping centre parking lot, or a mall access that allows visibility from the interior of the mall into the store;
 - b. the exterior of all stores shall have ample transparency from the street:
 - c. Any outdoor lighting shall be designed to ensure a well-lit environment for pedestrians and illumination of the property; and
 - d. Landscaping shall be low-growing shrubs or deciduous trees with a high canopy at maturity to maintain natural surveillance.
- 6. The Development Officer shall impose a condition on any Development Permit issued for Cannabis Retail Sales requiring that the development:
 - a. shall not commence until authorized by and compliant with superior legislation; and
 - b. must commence within nine (9) months of the date of approval of the Development Permit.
- 7. For the purposes of Section 70(6), development commences when the Cannabis Retail Sales Use is established or begins operation.

Development Officer's Determination

The proposed Cannabis Retail Store does not comply with the minimum setback requirement from a public or private education (Section 70.2):

Required Setback: 200 m Proposed Setback: 180 m

Deficient by 20 m

Under Sections 70.1(b) and 70.4 of the Zoning Bylaw, the Development Officer is prohibited from granting a variance to the

 $\begin{array}{ll} \textbf{minimum setback to allow for the proposed Cannabis Retail Store..} \\ [\textbf{unedited}] \end{array}$

Notice to Applicant/Appellant

Provincial legislation requires that the Subdivision and Development Appeal Board issue its official decision in writing within fifteen days of the conclusion of the hearing.



Application for Major Development Permit

Project Number: **287015970-001**Application Date: JUL 09, 2018

Printed: September 17, 2018 at 2:42 PM

This document is a Development Permit Decision for the development application described below.

Applicant

Property Address(es) and Legal Description(s)
7240 - 101 AVENUE NW
Plan 2011AO Blk 3 Lots 16-23

Specific Address(es)
Suite: 7258 - 101 AVENUE NW
Entryway: 7258 - 101 AVENUE NW
Building: 7240 - 101 AVENUE NW

Scope of Application

To change the use from a General Retail to a Cannabis Retail Store

Permit Details

Class of Permit:
Gross Floor Area (sq.m.):
New Sewer Service Required: N
Site Area (sq. m.): 93.6

Contact Person:

Lot Grading Needed?: N

NumberOfMainFloorDwellings:

Stat. Plan Overlay/Annex Area: (none)

I/We certify that the above noted details are correct.

Applicant signature:

Development Application Decision

Refused

Issue Date: Sep 11, 2018 Development Authority: Chow, Stephen

Reason for Refusal

The proposed Cannabis Retail Store does not comply with the minimum setback requirement from a public or private education (Section 70.2):

Required Setback: 200 m Proposed Setback: 180 m Deficient by 20 m

Under Sections 70.1(b) and 70.4 of the Zoning Bylaw, the Development Officer is prohibited from granting a variance to the minimum setback to allow for the proposed Cannabis Retail Store.

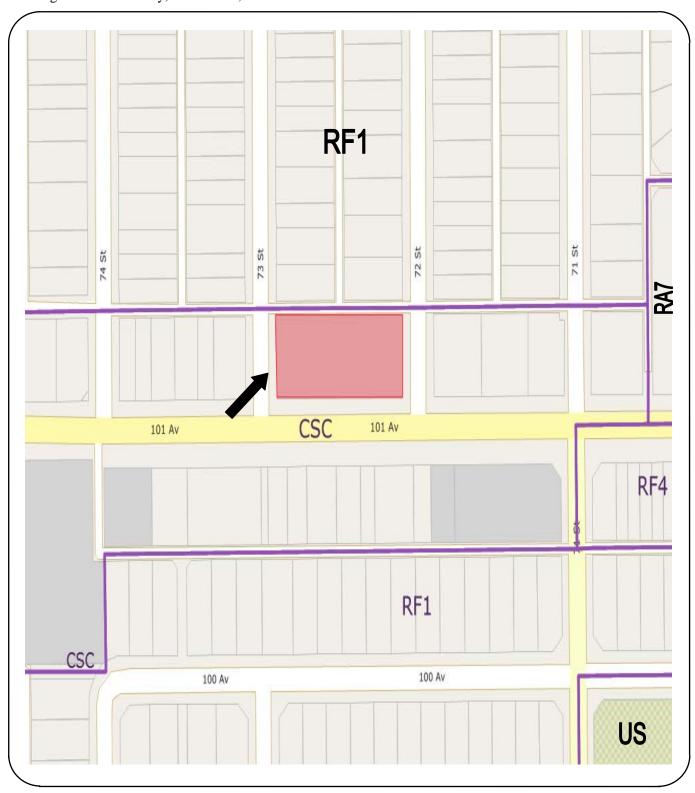
Rights of Appeal

The Applicant has the right of appeal within 21 days after the date on which the decision is made, as outlined in Section 683 through 689 of the Municipal Government Act.

F	e	e	S

	Fee Amount	Amount Paid	Receipt #	Date Paid
Major Dev. Application Fee	\$5,600.00	\$5,600.00	05169965	Jul 09, 2018
Total GST Amount:	\$0.00			
Totals for Permit:	\$5,600.00	\$5,600.00		

THIS IS NOT A PERMIT



SURROUNDING LAND USE DISTRICTS

Site Location

File: SDAB-D-18-164

Ν

Hearing Date: Wednesday, October 10, 2018

<u>ITEM III: 2:00 P.M.</u> <u>FILE: SDAB-S-18-010</u>

AN APPEAL FROM THE DECISION OF THE SUBDIVISION AUTHORITY

APPELLANT:

APPLICATION NO.: 278868871-001

APPLICATION TO: Create one (1) additional Single Detached

Residential Lot

DECISION OF THE

SUBDIVISION AUTHORITY: Refused

DECISION DATE: September 6, 2018

DATE OF APPEAL: September 11, 2018

MUNICIPAL DESCRIPTION

OF SUBJECT PROPERTY: 13607 - 108 Avenue NW

LEGAL DESCRIPTION: Plan 3624HW Blk 5 Lot 30

ZONE: (RF1) Single Detached Residential Zone

OVERLAY: Mature Neighbourhood Overlay

STATUTORY PLAN: N/A

Grounds for Appeal

The Appellant provided the following reasons for appealing the decision of the Development Authority:

The lots will be of nominal width following the MNO front setback requirements for development.

814.3 Development Regulations Bylaw 16271 March 18, 2013 Bylaw 17556 March 14, 2016

The Front Setback shall be a minimum of 3.0 m and shall be consistent within 1.5 m of the Front Setback on Abutting Lots, to a maximum of 20% of Site Depth. Where an Abutting Lot is vacant, the vacant Lot shall be deemed to have a Front Setback of the next Abutting Lot.

At 20% site depth the new lots will be 7.63m in width

Consistency with adhering to the 1.5m of the front setback of abutting lots approach would yield the same result.

A three meter front setback essentially excludes every pie shaped lot in the MNO from being subdivided.

General Matters

Appeal Information:

The Municipal Government Act, RSA 2000, c M-26 states the following:

Appeals

678(1) The decision of a subdivision authority on an application for subdivision approval may be appealed

- (a) by the applicant for the approval,
- (b) by a Government department if the application is required by the subdivision and development regulations to be referred to that department,
- (c) by the council of the municipality in which the land to be subdivided is located if the council, a designated officer of the municipality or the municipal planning commission of the municipality is not the subdivision authority, or
- (d) by a school board with respect to
 - (i) the allocation of municipal reserve and school reserve or money in place of the reserve,
 - (ii) the location of school reserve allocated to it, or
 - (iii) the amount of school reserve or money in place of the reserve.
- (2) An appeal under subsection (1) may be commenced by filing a notice of appeal within 14 days after receipt of the written decision of the subdivision authority or deemed refusal by the subdivision authority in accordance with section 681
 - (a) with the Municipal Government Board
 - (i) if the land that is the subject of the application is within the Green Area as classified by the Minister responsible for the Public Lands Act,

- (ii) if the land that is the subject of the application contains, is adjacent to or is within the prescribed distance of a highway, a body of water, a sewage treatment or waste management facility or a historical site, or
- (iii) in any other circumstances described in the regulations under section 694(1)(h.2),

or

- (b) in all other cases, with the subdivision and development appeal board.
- (2.1) Despite subsection (2)(a), if the land that is the subject-matter of the appeal would have been in an area described in subsection (2)(a) except that the affected Government department agreed, in writing, to vary the distance under the subdivision and development regulations, the notice of appeal must be filed with the subdivision and development appeal board.
- (3) For the purpose of subsection (2), the date of receipt of the decision is deemed to be 7 days from the date the decision is mailed.
- (4) A notice of appeal under this section must contain
 - (a) the legal description and municipal location, if applicable, of the land proposed to be subdivided, and
 - (b) the reasons for appeal, including the issues in the decision or the conditions imposed in the approval that are the subject of the appeal.
- (5) If the applicant files a notice of appeal within 14 days after receipt of the written decision or the deemed refusal with the wrong board, that board must refer the appeal to the appropriate board and the appropriate board must hear the appeal as if the notice of appeal had been filed with it and it is deemed to have received the notice of appeal from the applicant on the date it receives the notice of appeal from the first board.

Hearing and decision

680(1) The board hearing an appeal under section 678 is not required to hear from any person or entity other than

- (a) a person or entity that was notified pursuant to section 679(1), and
- (b) each owner of adjacent land to the land that is the subject of the appeal,

or a person acting on any of those persons' behalf.

- **(1.1)** For the purposes of subsection (1), "adjacent land" and "owner" have the same meanings as in section 653.
- (2) In determining an appeal, the board hearing the appeal
 - (a) must act in accordance with any applicable ALSA regional plan;
 - (a.1) must have regard to any statutory plan;
 - (b) must conform with the uses of land referred to in a land use bylaw;
 - (c) must be consistent with the land use policies;
 - (d) must have regard to but is not bound by the subdivision and development regulations;
 - (e) may confirm, revoke or vary the approval or decision or any condition imposed by the subdivision authority or make or substitute an approval, decision or condition of its own;
 - (f) may, in addition to the other powers it has, exercise the same power as a subdivision authority is permitted to exercise pursuant to this Part or the regulations or bylaws under this Part.

Approval of application

654(1) A subdivision authority must not approve an application for subdivision approval unless

- (a) the land that is proposed to be subdivided is, in the opinion of the subdivision authority, suitable for the purpose for which the subdivision is intended.
- (b) the proposed subdivision conforms to the provisions of any growth plan under Part 17.1, any statutory plan and, subject to subsection (2), any land use bylaw that affects the land proposed to be subdivided,
- (c) the proposed subdivision complies with this Part and Part 17.1 and the regulations under those Parts, and
- (d) all outstanding property taxes on the land proposed to be subdivided have been paid to the municipality where the land is located or arrangements satisfactory to the municipality have been made for their payment pursuant to Part 10.

- (1.1) Repealed 2018 c11 s13.
- (1.2) If the subdivision authority is of the opinion that there may be a conflict or inconsistency between statutory plans, section 638 applies in respect of the conflict or inconsistency.
- (2) A subdivision authority may approve an application for subdivision approval even though the proposed subdivision does not comply with the land use bylaw if, in its opinion,
 - (a) the proposed subdivision would not
 - (i) unduly interfere with the amenities of the neighbourhood, or
 - (ii) materially interfere with or affect the use, enjoyment or value of neighbouring parcels of land,

and

- (b) the proposed subdivision conforms with the use prescribed for that land in the land use bylaw.
- (3) A subdivision authority may approve or refuse an application for subdivision approval.

General Provisions from the Edmonton Zoning Bylaw:

Section 110.4(1) states:

Site regulations for Single Detached Housing:

- a. the minimum Site area shall be 250.8 m²
- b. the minimum Site Width shall be <u>7.5 m</u>; and
- c. the minimum Site depth shall be 30.0 m.

Under section 6.1, **Site** means "an area of land consisting of one or more abutting Lots."

Under section 6.1, **Site Width** means "the horizontal distance between the side boundaries of the Site measured at a distance from the Front Lot Line equal to the required Front Setback for the Zone."

Section 110.1 states that the **General Purpose** of the **(RF1) Single Detached Residential Zone** is:

to provide for Single Detached Housing while allowing other forms of small scale housing in the form of Secondary Suites, and Garden Suites, as well as Semi-detached Housing and Duplex Housing under certain conditions.

Notice to Applicant/Appellant

Provincial legislation requires that the Subdivision and Development Appeal Board issue its official decision in writing within fifteen days of the conclusion of the hearing.



Subdivision Authority

7th Floor, Edmonton Tower 10111 – 104 Avenue NW Edmonton, Alberta T5J 0J4

September 6, 2018

File No. LDA18-0403

RE: Tentative plan of subdivision to create one (1) additional single detached residential lot from Lot 30, Block 5, Plan 3624 HW, located north of 107A Avenue NW and west of 135 Street NW; NORTH GLENORA

The Subdivision by Plan is REFUSED on September 6, 2018 for the following reason(s):

- The proposed subdivision does not comply with the minimum development regulation identified in Section 110.4(1)(b) of the City of Edmonton Zoning Bylaw 12800. The site is zoned (RF1) Single Detached Residential Zone. The minimum site width identified in the (RF1) Single Detached Residential Zone for single detached housing is 7.50 metres. The site width of the proposed lots is 6.53 metres and is therefore deficient by 0.97 metres or 12.9%.
- The proposed subdivision will create two non-conforming lots that do not meet the site width development regulation in the Edmonton Zoning Bylaw 12800. This situation will create unnecessary hardship for existing and future landowners. Landowners wishing to further develop or redevelop their site will require a Development Permit variance.

Please be advised that an appeal may be lodged in accordance to Section 678 of the Municipal Government Act with the Subdivision and Development Appeal Board, 10019 - 103 Avenue NW, Edmonton Alberta, T5J 0G9, within 14 days from the date of the receipt of this decision. The date of receipt of the decision is deemed to be seven (7) days from the date the decision is mailed.

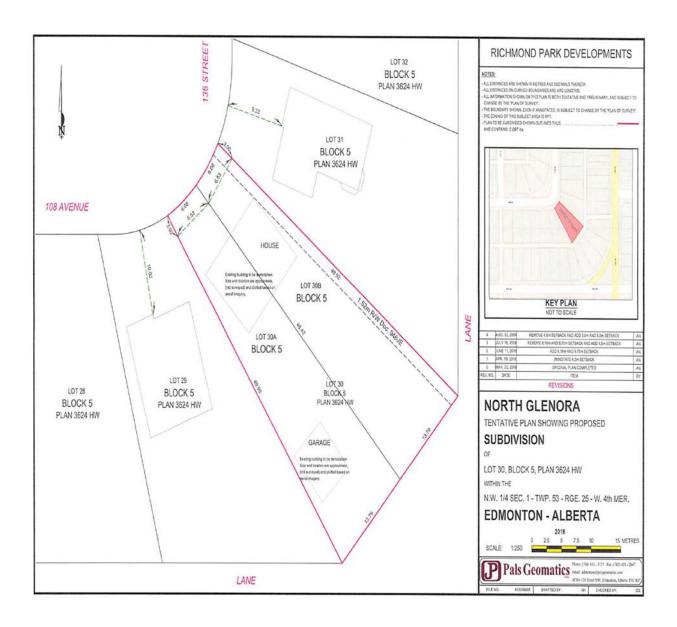
If you have further questions, please contact Stephanie Mah at stephanie.mah@edmonton.ca or 780-442-5387.

Regards,

Blair McDowell
Subdivision Authority

BM/sm/Posse #278868871-001

Enclosure





SURROUNDING LAND USE DISTRICTS

Site Location

File: SDAB-S-18-010

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